

The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 753

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2. 1737.

1737. 761.

Yesterday arrived the Mail due from Holland.



LETTER of the 5th ult. O. S. from Belgrade says, that the Turks, to the Number of some Thousands, having hover'd for some time in the Neighbourhood of Orsova, as if they would besiege it, a Detachment of 'em has at length taken Possession of an Island over against that

Place; and that thereupon the Commandant of the Garrison, for fear lest the St. Elizabeth and St. Charles Men of War in that Part of the Danube, should become the Enemy's Prize, has caused them both to be sunk, after having taken out all their Artillery and Ammunition, and stripp'd them of the Rigging. There's Hopes nevertheless, of getting them up again next Spring.

The Advices from Vienna, which are of the 12th ditto say, that upon this News, the Imperial Court has sent Orders to the Velt Marshal Philippi to detach 3 Regiments from the Body under his Command, to reinforce the Garrison of Orsova, and to leave a small Body of Troops near Sabatsch, for the Security of that Post, after he has separated the Army.

'Tis said that the Count de Fuenclara, the Spanish Ambassador at Vienna, has commenced a fresh Negotiation at that Court, which some Politicians imagine relates principally to the Accommodation of the Pretensions of the Court of Spain to the allodial and moveable Effects of Tuscany, Parma and Placentia. One Circumstance taken notice of, which seems to favour their Conjecture, is a Hint lately dropp'd in Conversation, at an Assembly that was held at one of the first Ladies of the Court, when a Nobleman of great Quality said to that Ambassador, *That now 'twas no longer to be doubted, but his Sicilian Majesty would soon be married to the Princess of Bavaria, since 'twas a Matter affirm'd on all Hands: To which they say, the Count de Fuenclara made Answer: If it be so, Sir, then they affirm on all Hands a Thing that I am not yet sure of, and of which my Court has given me no Account. He added, however, That 'twas probable there was some such Treaty in the Wind, but that he did not know how far it was advanced.*

The Count de Seckendorff continues under as strict Confinement as ever. All the Doors of his Chamber are clos'd up, except that which opens to the Antichamber where the Guard is. In the Day-time there are 2 Subaltern Officers constantly in his Chamber, who lie all Night in an adjacent Closet. The Soldiers on the Guard carry in his Dish, and wait on him at Table. The Articles which one General alone has laid to his Charge are no less than 23; and of these, 5 or 6 are said to be confirm'd by the Journal of the Army drawn up and committed to Writing before his Face. These Articles are purely and simply in the Council of War, as are several others that have been exhibited by the other Generals; and there are some Articles also which are under the Cognizance of the Council of State. As to the 23d, which are said to be the first that the Count is to answer, one of our Correspondence says, that few Persons think them Authentick; but another declares the contrary; for which Reason we shall publish them, and leave them to the Judgment of our Readers, till Time furnishes a Set of Articles that may be more certainly depended on.

I. Six hundred thousand Florins per Month were remitted to the Count de Seckendorff, and yet there was every where a Want of Necessaries.

II. Tho' he very punctually touch'd that Money, yet he has not once given in his Accounts; whereas Prince Eugene thought it his Duty to deliver in his once a Month.

III. Notwithstanding his Receipt of such considerable Sums, the Officer never received his Pay, and the Soldier but very seldom his.

IV. Altho' the Magazines were sufficiently provided, a Number of Horses perish'd for want of Forage, and several Soldiers died of Hunger.

V. And this because contradictory Orders were purposely given to the Commissaries of the Provisions, so that they were often sent to Places distant from the Situation of the Army.

VI. The General —, undertook to supply the Army with Beeves, and shar'd the Profit with the Count de Seckendorff, and the General —.

VII. In order to favour this Monopoly, the Soldier was abridg'd of his Ammunition Bread for 3 or 4 Days, on purpose to oblige him to buy Meat.

VIII. When the Ovens were ready for baking Bread, there was no Meal; and when there was Meal, there were no Ovens.

IX. The Count de Seckendorff caused the Seal to be put upon all the Wine that was in Nissa, plac'd a Guard upon it, and appropriated it to himself.

X. Upon this Occasion he had a Difference with the Duke of Lorain.

XI. He had near his Tent a Sutler's Tent, with the Sign of the Green Tree.

XII. The Wine, which when he came to Nissa, was sold for two Grosches, * was sold immediately after for 3 Siebenzehenders. †

* A German Coin, which is the 24th Part of a Dollar.

† In that Language signifies Seventeen.

XIII. All the Sutlers were obliged to pay him exorbitant Toll.

XIV. He ruined the Army by an unprecedented March to Nissa.

XV. That March was the more unnecessary, because Nissa had already capitulated.

XVI. His long Stay near Nissa was not only unnecessary, but the Cause of laying aside the Design of besieging Widdin.

XVII. His severe Treatment of the Officers.

XVIII. His private Conferences with the Generals Schmettau and Diemar, are the more remarkable.

XIX. That he did not consult the Counts Philippi and Khevenhuller, tho' Velt Marshals.

XX. His scandalous Dispute with General Pertusari about a Glass of Wine.

XXI. His little Care of the Person of the Duke of Lorain, which he expos'd by letting him go off in a Manner without a Guard towards Widdin.

XXII. The Orders of the Council of War were, that he should not stir from the Danube; but he did not follow them.

XXIII. His saying that he had a Charte blanche from his Imperial Majesty, and a Commission at large to act as he should think fit.

The Reader will not only perceive that several of these Articles are inconsistent, but that they contain Things, to which 'tis a Matter of Doubt, whether the Count would ever consent. As to the 21st, which is one of the most material Articles, wherein the Count is upbraided for not having a due Regard for the Duke of Lorain, it has never yet appeared, that the said Duke made any Complaint of him. He is accus'd of 2 other Particulars which meet with as little Credit. The Count de Seckendorff having given Leave to one of his Domesticks to keep a Sutler's Tent near his own, that General's Enemies have from thence taken Occasion to give out, that he reap'd the Profit of it. The very great Number of Sutlers in the Army having enhanc'd the Price of the Provisions, he thought it proper to make an Order, that those who should thereafter follow that Business, should pay a Tax in Proportion to their Substance: This Regulation, tho' it had so good a Tendency, has had a sinister Construction put upon it; but notwithstanding all that is alleg'd to this General's Charge, many People are persuaded that he will acquit himself intirely. Mean while 'tis said, that the Baron de Seckendorff, who is his Cousin, and arrived lately at Vienna from Berlin, at which Court he was the Emperor's Minister, has had a very gracious Audience of his Imperial Majesty, which lasted above an Hour; and that his Majesty charg'd him not to go from Vienna till he had desir'd another.

Letters from the Hague dated last Friday say, that their most Serene Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Orange, were return'd from Brussels by the Way of Antwerp to Breda, accompanied by his Excellency Mr. Walpole; and that on Wednesday last night the Council of State went in a Body to the Assembly of their High Mightinesses, and delivered them the State of the War for the Year ensuing.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Elfenour, Nov. 26, N. S. My last was of the 24d, since the following Masters have arrived, viz. William Barnes, of and for London; and James Miller, of and for Dublin, both from Riga.

* The Wind being at S. W. the outward bound are still detained.

Elfenour, Nov. 30, N. S. My last was of the 26th, since the following Masters have arrived, viz. Archibald Hamilton, Thomas Young, and Daniel Clark, all three of and from Glasgow for Stockholm.

* Those bound for the Baltick, are sail'd with the Wind at S. W. but seems as it was coming more to the South, then those that are bound outwards will also sail.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, Nov. 30. Wind N. E. The outward bound Ships all sail'd Yesterday; and in getting under Sail, the Ship which ran foul of another and carried away her Fore-mast and Bow-sprit, we hear is sail'd for Dover Pier, her Name I cannot learn. Remain the Fox, Ware, for Orders.

Gravesend, Nov. 30. Pass'd by the Francis, Abbot, from Petersburg; the Elizabeth, Richmond, from Norway.

LONDON.

Having in our last Friday's Gazetteer, presented our Readers with the Account of the Ceremonies observed at the Solemnization of the Funeral Obsequies of Queen Mary II. which were of a publick Nature; it will not be improper to insert the following Account of the Solemnization of the Funeral of her late Majesty Queen ANNE, which was perform'd in a private Manner.

Her late Majesty Queen ANNE, departed this Life Aug. 1. 1714; and on the 24th of the same Month at Night, she was interr'd in the Collegiate Church of Westminster, as follows.

* The Lords, the Peeres, the Lords Sons, Privy-Counsellors, Judges, and others who were to attend this Solemnity, met about seven in the Evening in the House of Peers, the Painted Chamber and other Rooms adjoining, where being called out in Order, by the Officers at Arms, they proceeded about Ten of the Clock thro' the Prince's Chamber into the Palace-Yard, and thence to the South East Door of the Abbey, one of the Great Guns at the Tower firing every Minute, until her Majesty was interred.

* The Royal Corpse was borne under a Canopy of Purple Velvet, preceded by a great Number of Her late Majesty's Servants, the Judges, Privy-Counsellors, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the great Officers. The Pall was supported by Six Dukes. Her Grace the Dutchess of Ormonde (in the Absence of the Dutchess of Somerset, who was indisposed) was Chief Mourner, supported by the Dukes of Somerset and Richmond in long Cloaks, wearing the Collars of the Order; her Train borne by Two Dutchesses, assisted by the King's Vice-Chamberlain, and follow'd by Two other Dutchesses, at the Head of Fourteen Countesses as Assistants, all in long Veils of Black Crape; and after them the Ladies of the Bed-Chamber, and the Maids of Honour, in like Veils; then the Bed-Chamber Women, and the Gentlemen-Pensioners closed the Proceeding.

* At the Entrance into the Church, the Dean, Prebendaries and Choirs, received the Royal Body with an Anthem, and marching before Norroy King of Arms, who carried the Crown and Cushion, they proceeded singing into King Henry the seventh's Chapel, where being arrived, the Body was set on Trussels, while the Service of the Church was performed by the Bishop of Rochester, Dean of Westminster, and afterwards interred in the same Vault with their late Majesties King Charles the Second, King William and Queen Mary, and his Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark.

By Letters from Amsterdam of December the 6th, N. S. we learn, that an English Frigate, her Name unknown, laden with Oil from Leghorn, is stranded by

by Rydhugn, where she sat whole with all the Men on board

Yesterday came on the Election of a President of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, in the room of Sir Richard Brocas, deceased, when John Barber, Esq; Alderman of Castle Baynard Ward, was by the Governors unanimously elected their President.

A few Days since died at Cottesbrooke in Northamptonshire, Miss Langham, one of the Daughters of Sir John Langham, Bart. and Niece to the Lord Viscount Cobham.

We hear that at the last Meeting of the Court of Aldermen it was agreed, That one of the forty shall sit to administer Justice at Guildhall Six Hours every Day, which Laudable Resolution will be of great Ease and Service to the Citizens of London.

We hear that the Seat of Heytham, Esq; at Stagnoe, near Hitchin in Hertfordshire, was consumed by Fire on Wednesday Night last; but the Circumstances attending this Misfortune are not yet known.

On Friday Night Capt. Halley of Brentford, formerly a Commander in the Merchants Service, had the Misfortune to fall down the Cellar Stairs, and fractured his Skull, where he lay till next Morning, when he was found dead by the Servant going to fetch up a Tub of Coals.

Last Night about 6 o'Clock Bartholomew Bird, and John Mollos, Two Informers against Mr. Leaman in the Strand, for selling Spirituous Liquors contrary to Law, were set upon by the Mob near the New Church in the Strand, who, to save themselves from the Fury of the Populace, got into a Turner's Shop next to the Talbot Inn, and went to the Top of the House: The Rage of the Mob was so great, that the Officers of the Parish were obliged to send for a Party of Guards from Somerset House, and to read the Proclamation for dispersing them.

A few Days since Richard Cole was committed to New Prison by Justice Farmer on his own Information, for being concerned with Duke Walebone, John Foster, and several others, in Divers Robberies.

Whalebone was immediately apprehended in the Borough for some other Offence, and committed to Prison there; but is to be removed against the ensuing Sessions at the Old Bailey, in order to take his Trial there for stealing (in Company with Cole the Evidence) out of a Publick House, a Silver Pint Mug, which has since been found by Cole's Information, and will be produced against him at his Trial.

On Sunday last died, in the 42d Year of his Age, at his House in Great Marlborough-street, John Webster, Esq; a Gentleman possessed of a great Estate in the County of Oxford.

Yesterday several Rooms were hung in Mourning at St. James's.

And several Rooms were also hung in Mourning in the Apartments adjoining to the House of Lords, where the Corps of her Majesty is to lie in State.

The Hon. Mr. Douglas is appointed a Lieutenant in the Royal Regiment of Horse Guards Blue, commanded by his Grace the Duke of Argyll and Greenwich.

And William Cardonnel, Esq; is appointed a Cornet in the said Regiment.

Yesterday the following Prizes were drawn in the Bridge Lottery, viz. No. 25839, 5000 l. 48696, 3000 l. 26176, 26303, 1000 l. each; 1439, 7977, 13355, 32292, 500 l. each; 52647, 20721, 1349, 57193, 100 l. each; 19926, 15994, 21865, 21806, 22473, 67573, 39523, 38831, 18112, 61806, 6094, 50 l. each.

An Apprentice to a Silversmith in Cheapside, is entitled to a Fourth of the 3000 l. Prize drawn Yesterday; the rest is divided among 20 Persons, some of whom have but a Two and Thirtieth Part.

The 10000 l. Prize drawn on Wednesday, belongs to two Sisters of Mr. Samuel Torin, an India Broker, and another Gentlewoman.

The Numbers in Mr. Jernegan's Sale entitled to Claims, as specify'd in his Catalogue, and drawn the 1st of December 1737, are as follow, viz.

Order as drawn.	Numbers claiming.
30975	44799
31150	68361
31325	36450
31500	17511
31675	7758
31850	15921
32025	40654
32200	54458
32375	60927
32550	15719
32725	47609
32900	55259
33075	30007

High Water this Day } Morning } Evening }
at London Bridge. } 05 51 } 05 50 }

Bank Stock 142 3-4ths India 174 1-4th. South Sea 102. Old Annuity 111 1-8th to 1-4th. New ditto 110 7-8ths to 111. Three per Cent. 106 1-4th. 7 per Cent. Loan 110 1-half. Ditto 5 per Cent. 100 1-half. Royal Assurance 110 1-half. London Assurance 14 3-4ths to 7-8ths. African 14. India Bonds 61. 19 s. to 71 Prem. South Sea ditto 31. 2 s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 10 s. to 12 s. 6d Prem. Sale Tallies 1 to 4 Prem. English Copper 21. 15 s. Welsh ditto 15 s. Threepence 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 8 per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent ditto 5 to 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 121 1-half. Lottery Tickets 51 10 s.

RYMER'S FOEDERA, the last Edition, complete in 20 Volumes Folio, will be sold by J. and R. Tonson, Bookellers in the Strand, till the 25th of March next, (if the Number they have left be not disposed of before that Time) at 25 Guineas each Set, in Sheets.

To-morrow, being the 3d of December, will be publish'd, NUMBER V. of

THE Weekly Essay, or Middlesex Journal. Printed and sold by T. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row; and G. Smith, at the Printing Office in Princes-street, Spital-fields, where Advertisements are taken in.

Where may be had, A particular Account of the two Rebellions which happen'd at Constantinople in the Year 1720, and 1731, at the Deposition of Achmet the Third, and the Elevation of Mahomet the Fifth.

Ruptures cured by Mr. RAMSAY, Surgeon, and Man-midwife, at his House in Castle-yard, Holborn, London.

IT is apprehended that the Neglect of Advertising for upwards of Two Years has occasion'd a Report that Mr. Ramsay was dead, or had declined that Branch of his Business. The great Number of Persons who labour under Misfortunes of that Nature, call for a Renewal of Publick Notice, That Mr. Ramsay continues effectually to cure all Disorders of that Kind; which was many Years ago well attested by very eminent Physicians and Surgeons; and the Curious or Afflicted may now be well satisfied by applying to the Publisher of the Craftsman, and many others, of the Certainty of Cures performed within later Times.

N.B. To prevent any one from losing the Opportunity of consulting with him who come a great Way; he is at Home Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays, until 12 o'Clock.

No Letters received, except Post paid.

Lately Published,
THE following COMEDIES, TRAGEDIES
and OPERAS, viz.

COMEDIES.
The Universal Passion.
The Man of Taste.
The Mother-in-law, or the Doctor's Dispute.
The Humours of Oxford.
The Modish Couple.
Patquin, a Dramatick Satire on the Times.
The Independent Patriot; or Musical Folly.
The Intriguing Chambermaid.
The Cornish Square. By Sir John Vanbrugh, Mr. Wallis, and Mr. Congreve.
Timon in Love; or, The Innocent Theft.
The Provok'd Husband.
The Miser.
The Modern Husband.
Don Quixote in England.
The Universal Gallant; or, The Different Husbands.
The Lottery.
The Whim; or, The Miser's Retreat. A Farce.
The Lover.
The Coffee-House Politician.
The Temple Beau.
The Dissembled Wanton; or, My Son get Money.
Love in several Masques.
The Author's Farce; and, The Pleasures of the Town.
The Widow bewitch'd.
The Lette-Writers; or, a New Way to keep a Wife at Home.
The Old Debauchee.

TRAGEDIES.
King Charles the First.
The Tragedy of Zarah.
Cælia; or, The Perjur'd Lover.
Periander, King of Corinth.
The Fatal Extravagance.
The Virgin Queen.
Timoleon.
The Tragedy of Tragedies; or, Tom Thumb the Great.
Double Falshood; or Distress'd Lovers.
The Fate of Villainy.
Scanderbeg.
The Covent Garden Tragedy.

OPERAS with the M U S I C K.
The Beggar's Opera.
The Tunes to the Songs in the Beggar's Opera.
Achilles.
An Old Man taught Wisdom; or, The Virgin Unmask'd.
Trick for Trick.
The Plot; or, Pill and Drop.
Merlin; or, The Devil of Stone-Henge.
The Lively Kate, and Country Lass.
The Boarding-School.
The Devil to Pay; or, The Wives Metamorphos'd.
The Merry Cobler; or, The Second Part of the Devil to Pay.
The Mock Doctor; or, The Dum Lady Cur'd.
The Highland Fair; or Union of the Clans.
Printed for J. WATTS; and sold by the Bookellers both of Town and Country.
The Jovial Crew.
Silvia; or, The Country Burial.
The Opera of Operas.
Love in a Riddle.
The Village Opera.
The Lover's Opera.
Morus turn'd Fabulist; or, Vulcan's Wedding.
The Fashionable Lady; or, Harlequin's Opera.
Patie and Peggy; or, The Fair Foundling.
Damon and Phillida.
The Chamber-Maid.
The Quaker's Opera.
Robin Hood.
The Generous Free-Mason; or, The Constant Lady.
The Lover his own Rival.
Tumble down Dick; or, Phaeton in the Suds.

Lately Publish'd.
ONE Hundred and Sixteen Sermons, preached out of the First Lessons at Morning and Evening Prayer, for all Sundays in the Year, in Four Volumes in Octavo. The Second Edition.

By **WILLIAM READING**, Keeper of the Library at Sion College.
Printed by J. Watts for the Author. Price 20 s. in Shells, or 24 s. neatly Bound and Letter'd.

Where may likewise be had,
1. The Catalogue and History of Sion College and the Library. Folio.
2. Origin de Orations, Gr. Lat. 4to. cum Notis.

By a Select Number of Fair Dealers in
MINERAL WATERS.

A Seasonable Caution to all PYRMONT and SPAW Water-Drinkers.

THERE are frequently Imported Quantities of false Waters, sold by divers Druggists and others, which may be distinguished by their having no Marks on the Bottles, or Seals on the Flasks: Whereas no Bottles are suffer'd to be filled at the Pyrmont Springs, without having Impressed on the Bottles, either in Whole or in Part (as in the Margin) the Arms of the Prince of Waldeck, in whose Country the said Spring is situated.

SO likewise the true SPA WATERS have the adjoining Impression (being the Arms of the Prince of Lixea, in whose Country the Spaw Fountains are situated) either impressed in Glass on the Neck of the Flask, or sealed with the same in Wax on the Cap of Leather, or both.

Such Pyrmont or Spa Waters as are not thus distinguished, are assuredly spurious; and there are no small Quantities of such imported — which is the Reason of giving this Caution.

An Infallible and Instant Cure
For DEAFNESS, THICKNESS OF HEARING, PAIN or NOISE in the EARS, &c. by the true Chymical Specifick Drops.

WHICH infinitely excel all other Medicines offer'd to the Publick, or known in the whole World; for they directly cure Deafness, be it ever so bad, and all Thickness of Hearing and Noise in the Ears, almost at once, and after all other Means have failed, and without Trouble, or the least Uneasiness whatever, as many Thousands have experienced.

They effectually remove all Pain occasion'd by Cold, Strepitus the Tympanum or Drum of the Ear, free the auditory Nerve from Obstruction, and remedy all Defects of the Hearing Faculty, & most in an Instant, causing those to hear exceeding quick and well, who before were in a Manner totally Deaf.

Hundreds who were so very bad, as not able to hear a Drum when beat close by them, and therefore despair'd of being ever relieved, have been quickly and perfectly cur'd by them, to their great Joy and Admiration.

In a Word, nothing in Nature can come near them for the certain and almost immediate Cure of DEAFNESS proceeding from what Cause soever; but the great Esteem and Reputation they have justly gained for many Years past, have occasion'd (as usual in such Cases) many Counterfeits to come abroad; beware therefore of such Impositions, these excellent and only true Specifick Drops being to be had only by the Author's Appointment, of the Gentlewomen at the two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard, in the Minster, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions, and no where else in England.

The incomparable POWDER for Cleaning the TEETH,

Has withstood, by its most excellent and known Virtues, the Attempts of many repeated Counterfeits; some imitating it by the Name of Powder, others under several other Names; therefore pray take Notice, that the only true effectual, and original Powder, is sold no where else, but as mentioned below: It is sent for in large Quantities from the Plantations beyond the Seas, where good Allowance is given; and is as effectual in the East and West Indies as at London.

It has given surprizing Satisfaction to most of the Nobility and Gentry in England, for above 30 Years that it hath been published, and vast Quantities of it still continue to be sold.

It is sold only at Mrs. King's Toyshop, the Blue-and-Red, against the Cross-Keys Tavern in Cornhill, and at Mr. Markham's Toyshop, the Seven Stars under St. Dunstons Church in Fleet-street, and no where else in England at 1 s. each Box.

At once using it makes the Teeth as white as Ivory, tho' never so black or yellow, and effectually preserves them from rotting or decaying, continuing them found to exceeding old Age. It wonderfully cures the Scoury in the Gums, prevents Rheum or Defluxion, kills the Worms at the Roots of the Teeth, and thereby hinders the Tooth-ach. It admirably fastens loose Teeth, being a neat cleanly Medicine, of a pleasant and grateful Scent, and in Virtue far exceeds any Thing ever yet found out for those Purposes.

All the Nobility, Gentry, &c. who send to Mrs. Markham for the Powder for Teeth, are desir'd to give strict Orders not to mistake the Shop, (MARKHAM at length is under the Seven Stars) because most of the Toy-men in her Neighbourhood, seeing Multitudes go to her Shop for it, have trump'd up Counterfeits and sell their Stuff in Imitation of this known and approved Powder, in Prejudice to the Publick, &c.

The L I P - S A L V E.

Which is so much esteemed, and of so many Years large Experience, and whose Virtues vastly exceed any Counterfeits, is sold at the same Places at 1 s. each Box.

For in two or three Hours time it heals them, tho' never so rough or chapt; prevents the Skin from peeling, and makes them delicately soft and smooth, giving them a becoming rosy-behind Colour; the Fragrance of its Odour also renders the Breath fine and sweet, and it may be eaten for its Safety.